
DEPARTMENTS

Corrections



In the article by McCabe et al, Comparison of Robotics, Functional Electrical Stimulation, and Motor Learning Methods for Treatment of Persistent Upper Extremity Dysfunction After Stroke: A Randomized Controlled Trial, published in *Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation* 2015;96:981-90 ([https://www.archives-pmr.org/article/S0003-9993\(14\)01228-3/fulltext](https://www.archives-pmr.org/article/S0003-9993(14)01228-3/fulltext)), Table 5 contained an error. In the last column ('Mean Gain Score'), row one (ML Group, FM Score) the value is shown as 11 points on the FM scale. The correct value is 9.9 points (post-treatment 33.5 – pre-treatment 23.6 = 9.9 gain score for the ML Group). The correct value of 9.9 points is, in fact, already shown elsewhere in the paper in the previous Table 4, in the column entitled, "Mean Change Score for Each Group", row one (9.9 point gain score, correctly shown in Table 4 for the ML group). This error in Table 5 amounts to 1.1 points. The erroneous value was not used in any of the statistical models, and so does not affect any of the statistics performed nor does it affect the outcome of the study.

0003-9993/20
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.apmr.2020.01.004>



Research Poster 1025728 in the October 2019 ACRM Annual Conference Abstracts issue (Volume 100, Issue 10, Page e39) contains an incorrect author list. (To view the full issue, please visit the Archives journal website at <http://www.archives-pmr.org/issues>.) The corrected author list appears below.

Research Poster 1025728

Active Limb Orthosis for Home Use - Stroke Gait Rehabilitation

Lauren Rashford, Brianna Darcy, Elizabeth Lundin, Ryan Medas, S. Tyler Shultz, Elizabeth DuBlose, David Huizenga, Kyle B. Reed

0003-9993/20
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.apmr.2020.02.001>



Research Poster 1143906 in the December 2019 issue (Volume 100, Issue 12, Page e211) contains multiple errors. (To view the full issue, please visit the *Archives* journal website at <http://www.archives-pmr.org/issues>.) It should read as follows:

Research Poster 1143906

Wii Fit Telerehabilitation for Walking in Older Adults With Lower Limb Amputation (WiiNWalk): An RCT

Gordon Tao (University of British Columbia), William C. Miller, Bita Imam, Heather Lindstrom, Michael Payne

Objective: Delivering quality prosthetic ambulation therapy for older adults with lower limb amputation (LLA) while optimizing costs is challenging. We aimed to determine the extent to which the home-based WiiNWalk intervention enhances walking capacity and balance confidence in this population compared to an attention control.

Design: Multi-site, parallel, evaluator-masked randomized controlled trial.

Setting: Home setting in three Canadian cities.

Participants: Community-dwelling LLA prosthesis users over 50 years of age with unilateral transtibial or transfemoral amputation or knee disarticulation.

Interventions: The WiiNWalk experimental intervention group (n=38) used modified WiiFit balance board activities. The attention control group (n=33) used Big Brain Academy: Wii Degree. Both treatment groups completed two home-based training phases: a 4-week supervised phase (SP) with three 1-hour sessions/week in groups of three overseen by a clinician via videoconferencing and a 4-week structure-free unsupervised phase (UP).