

Buehner JJ, Forrest GF, Schmidt-Read M, White S, Tansey K, Basso DM. Relationship between ASIA examination and functional outcomes in the NeuroRecovery Network Locomotor Training Program. Arch Phys Med Rehabil 2012;93:1530-40, Figure 2 was printed in black and white when it should have been printed in color. We sincerely regret this error. The correct version of the figure appears below.

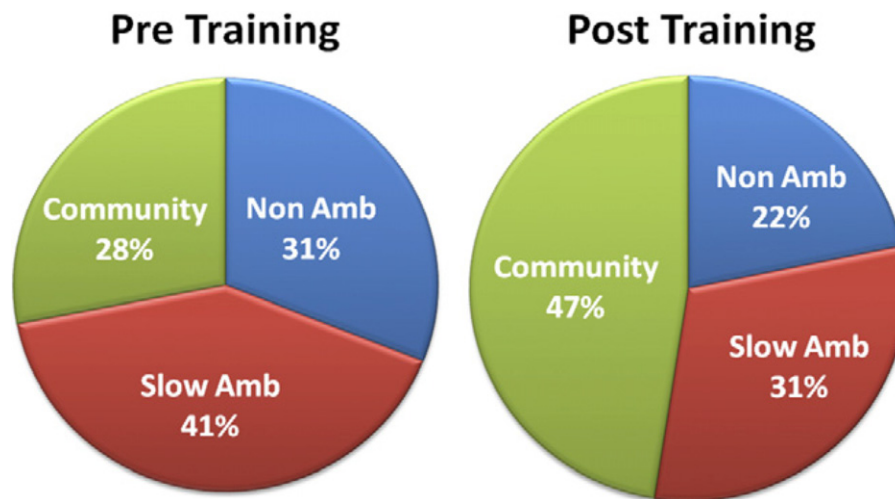


Fig 2. Functional stratifications based on van Hedel et al cutoffs of nonambulatory, slow in-home ambulators (>0 to <.44m/s) and community ambulators (\geq .44m/s) before and after manual locomotor training. Of the overall sample, 70% significantly improved in gait speed ($P<.001$) with almost half the sample walking at community speeds after locomotor training. The improved gait speed resulted in a significant shift to higher functional classifications after locomotor training ($P<.001$). Twenty-two percent of the sample remained nonambulatory after training. Abbreviation: Amb, ambulation.

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